

54 a. $(\vec{u} + 2\vec{v}) \cdot (5\vec{u} - \vec{v}) = 5\vec{u}^2 + 9\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} - 2\vec{v}^2 = 5 \times 4^2 + 9 \times 5 - 2 \times 2^2 = 117.$

b. $(\vec{u} + \vec{v})^2 = \vec{u}^2 + 2\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} + \vec{v}^2 = 4^2 + 2 \times 5 + 2^2 = 30.$

57 a. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \frac{1}{2}(AB^2 + AC^2 - BC^2) = \frac{1}{2}(4^2 + 7^2 - 5^2) = 20.$

b. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \frac{1}{2}(AB^2 + AC^2 - BC^2) = \frac{1}{2}(3^2 + 4^2 - 3^2) = 8.$

c. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \frac{1}{2}(AB^2 + AC^2 - BC^2) = \frac{1}{2}(6^2 + 10^2 - (10^2 - 6^2)) = 36.$

En effet, $BC^2 = AC^2 - AB^2 = 10^2 - 6^2$ d'après le théorème de Pythagore.

d. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{BD} = -\overrightarrow{BA} \cdot \overrightarrow{BD} = -\frac{1}{2}(BA^2 + BD^2 - AD^2) = -\frac{1}{2}(5^2 + 4^2 - 7^2) = 4.$

58 a. $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = 1 \times 1 + (-3) \times (-1) = 4.$

b. $\vec{u} \cdot (-4\vec{v}) = -4\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = -4 \times 4 = -16.$

c. $-\vec{u} \cdot (2\vec{v}) = -2\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = -2 \times 4 = -8.$

d. $(\vec{u} + \vec{v}) \cdot (\vec{u} - \vec{v}) = \vec{u}^2 - \vec{v}^2 = (1^2 + (-3)^2) - (1^2 + (-1)^2) = 8.$

61 a. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = AB \times AC \times \cos(\overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}) = 4 \times 5 \times \cos(40^\circ) \approx 15,32.$

b. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \frac{1}{2}(AB^2 + AC^2 - BC^2) = \frac{1}{2}(4^2 + 6^2 - 3^2) = 21,5.$

c. En notant $a = AB$, $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = a \times \frac{6}{2} = 3a.$

d. $AD = DC$, donc $2AD^2 = 3$ d'où $AD = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}.$

$\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{AB} \cdot (\overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DC}) = 0 + 5 \times \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} = 5\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}.$

e. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{AB} \cdot (\overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DC}) = \overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{DC} = AB \times AH + AB^2 = 5 \times 1 + 5^2 = 30.$

f. $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = AB \times AC \times \cos(\overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}) = 7 \times 1 \times \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3} + \pi\right) = 7 \times 1 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3,5.$